

Cambridge International AS & A Level

HISTORY 9389/21

Paper 2 Outline Study

October/November 2020

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed)

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer two questions from one section only. Answer both parts of the questions.

Section A: European Option

Section B: American Option

Section C: International Option

• Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].



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Section A: European Option

Modern Europe, 1789–1917

Answer **both** parts of **two** questions.

1	France, 1789–1814		
	(a)	Why was Napoleon able to overthrow the Directory?	[10]
	(b)	'Louis XVI was responsible for the political instability of 1789 to 1792.' How far do you a	igree? [20]
2	The	e Industrial Revolution, c.1800–c.1890	
	(a)	Why had many canals been built by c.1800?	[10]
	(b)	'The lower classes suffered as a result of industrialisation.' How far do you agree? Refer to any two countries from Britain, France and Germany in your answer.	[20]
3	The	e Origins of World War I, 1900–1914	
	(a)	Why did the Naval Race have serious consequences?	[10]
	(b)	'The members of the Triple Entente had different reasons for going to war with Gern How far do you agree?	many.' [20]
4	The	e Russian Revolution, c.1894–1917	
	(a)	Why was opposition to the Tsar ineffective in the period from 1906 to 1914?	[10]
	(b)	'Poor leadership by the Tsar was the main cause of the Revolution in February 1917.' H do you agree?	ow far [20]

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Section B: American Option

The History of the USA, 1840-1941

Answer **both** parts of **two** questions.

5	The	The Expansion of US Power from the 1840s to the 1930s			
	(a)	Why did the USA decide to play a minor role in European affairs in the 1920s?	[10]		
	(b)	'An unnecessary series of wars.' How accurately does this describe the Indian Wars of later nineteenth century?	f the [20]		
6	Civil War and Reconstruction, 1861–1877				
	(a)	Why did the 1876 presidential election lead to a political crisis?	[10]		
	(b)	'The Emancipation Proclamation ensured that the North would win the Civil War.' How fayou agree?	ar do [20]		
7	The	Gilded Age and the Progressive Era from the 1870s to the 1920s			
	(a)	Why did Theodore Roosevelt return to contest the presidency in 1912?	[10]		
	(b)	How far do you agree that the development of the railroads made little difference industrialisation in the late nineteenth century?	e to [20]		
8	The Great Crash, the Great Depression and the New Deal, from the 1920s to 1941				
	(a)	Why was the First New Deal replaced by the Second New Deal?	[10]		
	(b)	To what extent did the economic prosperity of the 1920s benefit Americans?	[20]		

Section C: International Option

International Relations, 1871-1945

Answer **both** parts of **two** questions.

9 International Relations, 1871–1918

- (a) Why were there two crises over Morocco in the early twentieth century? [10]
- (b) How important was the Anglo–Japanese Alliance of 1902 in the emergence of Japan as a significant world power? [20]

10 International Relations, 1919–1933

- (a) Why did the World Disarmament Conference of 1932–33 fail? [10]
- (b) To what extent was the creation of minority ethnic groups the main problem for the successor states of eastern Europe? [20]

11 International Relations, c.1933–1939

- (a) Why did Italy intervene in the Spanish Civil War? [10]
- (b) How successful was Britain's policy of appeasement? [20]

12 China and Japan, 1919-1945

- (a) Why did the Japanese military decide that December 1941 was the best time to attack Pearl Harbor? [10]
- (b) How successful was the Kuomintang in establishing its control of China by 1928? [20]

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